Pressure Rating

$$P = \frac{2St}{D-t} \qquad S = \frac{P(D-t)}{2t}$$

P is the pressure rating in psi.
S is the Hydrostatic Design Basis (usually 4000 psi) divided by the safety factor (which is 2 for the three standards).
DR is the Dimension Ratio for D2241 and C905 but is OD/t for D1785

Where:
P = Pressure, psi
S = Circumferential stress, psi
D = Outside diameter of pipe, inches
d = Inside diameter of pipe, inches (average based on mean wall)
t = Average wall thickness, inches

Volume capacity-gallons per ft. length = VG = V x 0.004329

Volume capacity-cubic inches per ft. length = V = 0.7854 x d^2 x 12

Outside pipe surface, sq. ft per ft. length = AO = $\frac{D^2\pi}{12}$

Inside pipe surface, sq. ft. per ft. length = $A_I = \frac{d\pi}{12}$

Cross-sectional plastic area, sq. in. = $A = \frac{(D^2 - d^2)\pi}{4}$

Cross sectional flow area, sq. in. = $A_F = \frac{d^2\pi}{4}$

Weight of PVC pipe, lb. per ft. length = W_{PVC} =.632 x A

Weight of CPVC pipe, lb. per ft. length = W_{CPVC} =.705 x A

Weight of water in pipe, lb. per ft. length = $W_W = 0.433\ A_F$

Weight of water filled pipe, lb. per ft. length = $W_{WFP} = W_{PVC}$ (or W_{CPVC}) + W_W

Radius of gyration, inches = $r_g = \sqrt{\frac{D^2 + d^2}{4}}$

Moment of inertia, inches fourth = $I = Ar_g^2.0491(D^4 - d^4)$

Section modulus, inches cube = $Z = \frac{2_I/}{D} = 0.0982 \times \frac{(D^4 - d^4)}{D}$

Thermal Expansion and Contraction

$\Delta L = 12\ yL\ (\Delta T)$
Where:
ΔL = Expansion or contraction of pipe in inches
y = Coefficient of thermal expansion
(see PVC or CPVC material Thermal properties) L = Length of pipe run in feet
ΔT = Temperature change °F (Maximum temperature - Temperature @ Installation or maximum system temperature - lowest system temperature, whichever is greater)

Friction Loss (Hazen-Williams equations)

$$f = .2083 \times (100/C)^{1.852} \times \frac{G^{1.852}}{di^{4.8655}}$$

Where:
f = Friction head of feet of water per 100' for the specific pipe size and I.D.
C = A constant for internal pipe roughness (=150 for thermoplastic pipe)
G = Flow rate of U.S. gallons per minute
di = Inside diameter of pipe in inches

Water Velocities

$$V = .3208 \times \frac{G}{A}$$

Where:
V = Velocity in feet per second
G = Gallons per minute
A = Inside cross sectional area in square inches

Gallons Per Minute Through Pipe

GPM = 0.0408 x Pipe Diameter Inches 2 x Feet Per Minute Velocity

Pressure Drop in Valves

$$P = \frac{G^2 \times S_g}{CV^2}$$

Where:
P = Pressure drop in PSI; feet of water = PSI/.4332
G = Gallons per minute
S_g = Specific gravity of liquid
C_V = Gallons per minute per 1 PSI pressure drop (see Valve product Cv from manufacturer)

Water Conversions

1 foot of head = 0.434 PSI
1 gallon = 231 cubic inch = 8.333 pounds
1 pound water = 27.7 cubic inches
1 cubic foot water = 7.5 gallon = 62.5 pounds (salt water = 64.3 pounds)
1 miner's inch = 9 to 12 gallons per minute

$$\text{Horsepower to Raise Water} = \frac{\text{Gallons Per Minute x Total Head in Feet}}{3960}$$